XXVII.—Description of a new Snake from Yunnan. By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

Tropidonotus johannis.

Eye rather small. Rostral not quite twice as broad as deep, just visible from above; internasals as long as broad, nearly as long as the præfrontals, much narrowed in front; frontal once and one-third to once and a half as long as broad, as long as its distance from the end of the snout, much shorter than the parietals; loreal as long as deep or a little longer than deep; one or two præ- and three or four postoculars; temporals 2+1 or 2+2; eight upper labials, third, fourth, and fifth entering the eye; four or five lower labials in contact with the anterior chin-shields, which are shorter than the postcrior. Scales in 19 rows, dorsals feebly or faintly keeled, laterals smooth. Ventrals 165-170; anal divided; subcandals 85-89. Olive-brown above, with more or less distinct darker and lighter spots, the latter forming a lateral series or an ill-defined lateral streak; a curved yellowish streak may be present on each side of the nape: sutures between the labials blackish; ventrals and subcaudals yellow, with the ends olive-grey and bearing large black spots forming a lateral series.

Total length 910 mm.; tail 210.

Three specimens from Yunnan fu, received from the Rev. John Graham.

Allied to T. modestus, Gthr., and T. pleurotænia, Blgr.
The three species may be distinguished by the following characters:—

	Upper labials.	Ventrals.	Subcaudals.
T. modestus	9	154-168	96-122
T. johannis	8	165 - 170	85-89
T. pleurotænia	8	148	66

XXVIII.—On some new Species and Subspecies of Birds from Upper Burma. By Major H. H. HARINGTON.

DURING two months' leave spent in making a collecting-trip in the Bhamo Hills, N.E. Burma, I was fortunate enough to procure examples of many rare birds and their eggs, including some Chinese species, which had not previously been